

### Hydro is a global aluminium company

...with a Norwegian heritage



40 35 000 Employees

Present in 140 locations and communities

30,000 Customers

Hydro is a fully integrated aluminium company with presence along the entire value chain





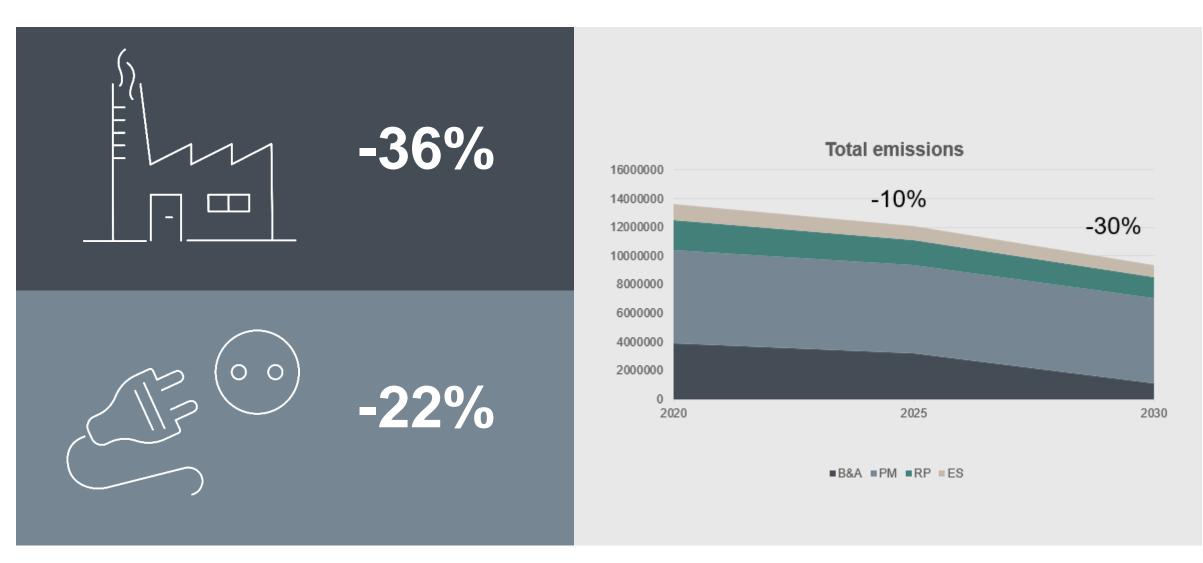
Pioneer: 3 decades of environmental reporting Cut electrolysis emissions by **70%** since 1990

Karmøy technology pilot 15% more energy efficient

Primary production: 70% based on renewable power

### 2030 Ambition: Cut CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 30%





### But continued progress requires a technology shift



Investing in R&D for low- or zero-carbon technology toward 2050





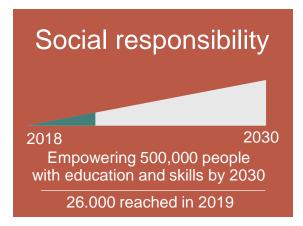
- 1 to 1 rehabilitation of available mined areas (ongoing)
- Utilise 10% of bauxite residue output (2030)
- New key targets towards 2030
- Recycle 65% of spent pot lining (2030)
- 50% reduction in fossil fuel related, non-GHG emissions (2030 on 2017 baseline)

- Brazil-Norway Biodiversity
   Research Consortium
- Bauxite residue rehabilitation and dry stacking
- Increased water treatment capacity and storage at Alunorte

### Closer to our local communities – building trust



We succeed when the communities around us succeed



# Human rights impact assessment

Developing master plan to prioritize actions

# Partnership with UNICEF signed

Work with education and skills development for children and adolescents

### Social projects

**10** programs and projects targeting education and income generation

In 7 municipalities #16. 700 people reached 2018/19

# Stakeholder engagement

200+ stakeholder dialogues in 2019

Moved to digital platforms in 2020

### Sustainable Barcarena Initiative

12 projects awarded, value 730K BRL

Hydro Sustainability Fund

partnership with US AID

### Community Response to COVID-19

Collaboration with local authorities

NOK 500' donation to UNICEF's Emergency Fund.

Donated property for field hospital in Brazil, distributed mineral water, food, test kits, PPE

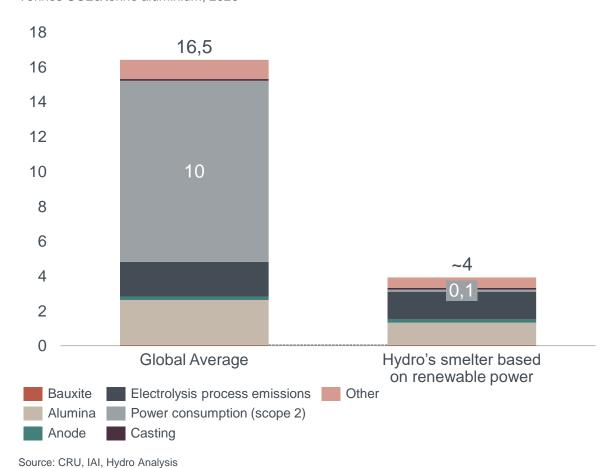
# Supplier development program in Pará

130-hour program covering administrative, commercial and operational topics

26 suppliers participated in 2019 Launched in Paragominas in 2020

# Fuel source most important differentiator for aluminium

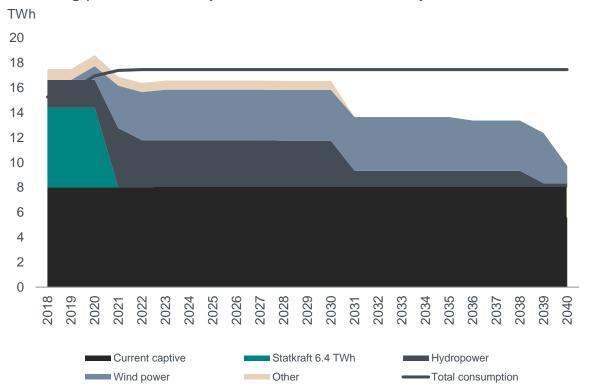
CO2e emissions from primary aluminium full value chain Tonnes CO2e/tonne aluminium, 2020





# Growing Hydro's renewable business: Becoming a wind park operator in Norway

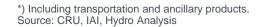
Sourcing platform for fully-owned smelters, Norway<sup>1)</sup>





### Aluminium CO2 footprint by origin





### **Greener products: From REDUXA 4.0 to 2.0**



New energy mix in Alunorte important enabler to reach 2.0

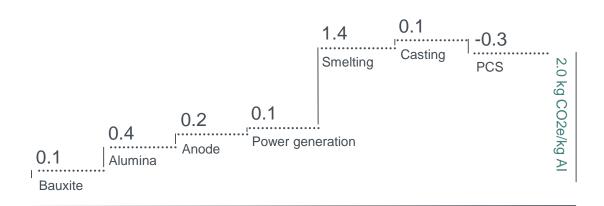
# Primary aluminium Control Aluminium 1.6 Casting O.1 Anode Power generation Alumina O.1 Other Casting Anode O.1 Other Anode Power generation

Bauxite

Typical production values primary aluminium

### Towards REDUXA 2.0 by 2030

Primary aluminium

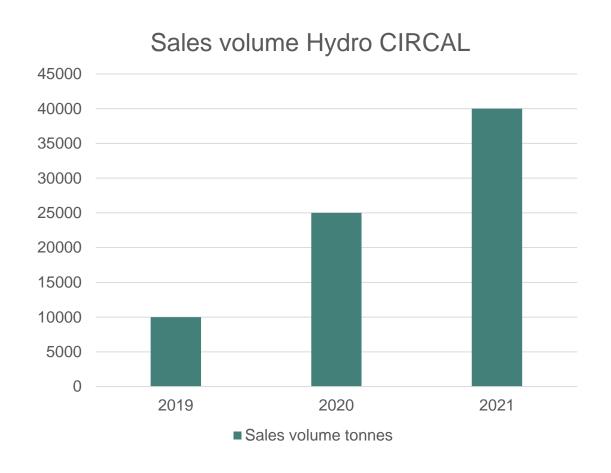


Potential production values primary metal

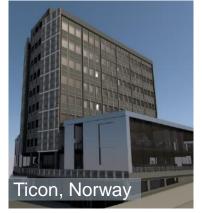
# **Growing demand for Hydro's greener facade solutions**



60 Hydro CIRCAL-project for 250 MNOK in 16 countries during 1 year







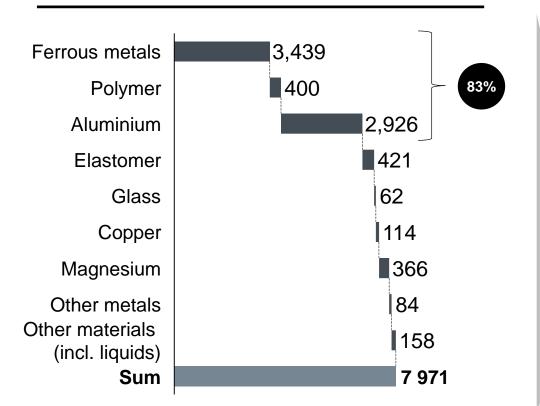


# A car made of 100% recycled material would have ~85% reduced CO2 footprint



### CO2 breakdown (virgin material)

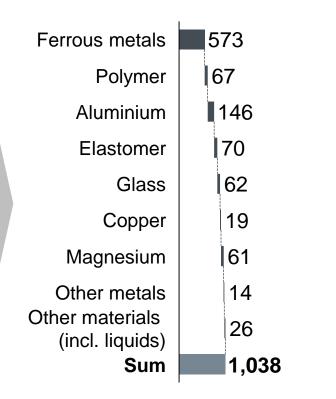
(XC60 ICE example) kg



Source: Volvo Cars, GABI GWP factors, Material Economics

### CO2 breakdown (recycled material)

(XC60 ICE example) kg



### **Pre-requisites**

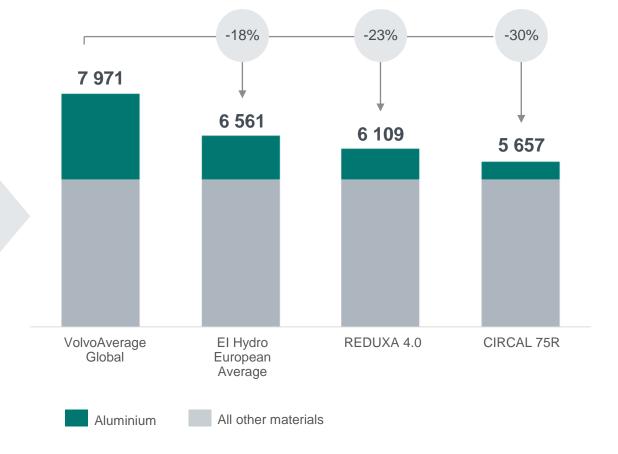
Sufficient market for highquality recycled material, primarily when it comes to metals and plastics

# An opportunity for the Automotive OEMs to drastically reduce the CO2 footprint of producing a car



The Volvo case – total CO2 emissions from producing a car would be 30% lower with 75R





Volvo Global Average: 12 kg CO2 / kg Al El Hydro European Average: 5.7 kg CO2 / kg Al REDUXA 4.0: 4.0 kg CO2 / kg Al CIRCAL 75R: 2.3 kg CO2 / kg Al

### Sustainable Finance supporting EU Green Deal



### EU Taxonomy initiaitve included as part of sustainable finance workstream



- EU initiative to mobilize investments in sustainable businesses
- A classification (taxonomy) to define economic activities which are sustainable to invest in is being developed.
- Only primary aluminium production is considered, not the entire value chain

#### **Timeline**

Q4 2020: Taxonomy rules and new Sustainable Finance Strategy

Taxonomy regulation: an activity is substantially contributing to climate change mitigation if it

- Has greenhouse gas emission levels that correspond to the best performance in the sector or industry
- Does not hamper the development and deployment of low-carbon alternatives; and
- Does not lead to a lock-in in carbon-intensive assets considering the economic lifetime of those assets



# In addition to EU taxonomy, we are operating within a changing regulatory environment



Three key carbon leakage measures...



EU Emissions Trading System (ETS)



CO<sub>2</sub> indirect compensation



Carbon border adjustment measure (CBAM)

...which have implications for Hydro and aluminium

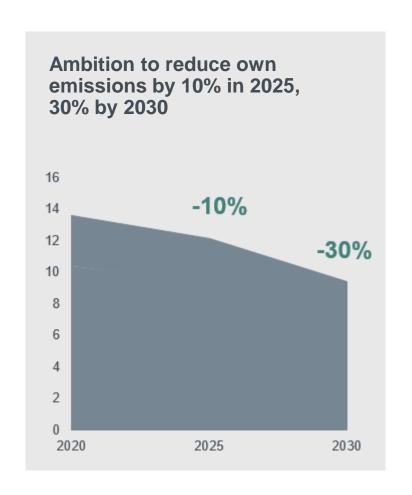
- Low-carbon competitiveness depends on free allowances to support investments in green transition
- Continuation of CO<sub>2</sub> indirect cost compensation fundamental to securing cost competitiveness of aluminium in global markets
- CBAM alone without additional carbon leakage measures such as CO<sub>2</sub> compensation unlikely to mitigate carbon leakage risk and affect aluminums' global competitiveness

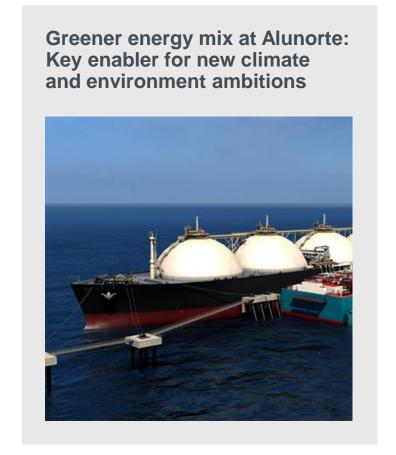


### 2030 ambition: roadmap to cut CO2e emissions by 30%



Innovation and technology development key enablers toward CO2-free processes





### R&D for low- or zero-carbon technology towards 2050

Exploring different paths

- Carbon capture
- Biomass anodes
- Carbon-free process

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2018 portfolio



We are aluminium

in 🖸